

ALL ABOUT ALGONQUIN PARK

ONTARIO'S OLDEST AND LARGEST PROVINCIAL PARK

1

ALGONQUIN

is 7,630 square kilometres in size. It is larger than Prince Edward Island, and about the same size as Delaware.

2

The Park contains the largest kame-moraine complex in the region and significant geological features such as a

FAULT CANYON

(Barron Canyon) and a

METEORITE CRATER

(Brent Crater).



3

The East Gate of the Park is

KM 56

4

The Park has

31

different species of reptiles and amphibians.

7

In a normal year, about 25 hectares burn in approximately

50 FOREST FIRES



8

The West Gate of the Park is

KM 0



9

Forest management occurs in

57 PERCENT

of the whole Park area.

10

5 MAJOR RIVERS

drain Algonquin Park, including: the Oxtongue, Petawawa, Barron, Madawska and Bonnechere.

11

There are

1,051

species of fungi known to occur in Algonquin Park.

12

The Park was established in 1893 as Algonquin National Park. It was comprised of 18 townships (3,979 sq.kms.) In 1913 it became Algonquin Provincial Park. The boundary has been amended 8 times since 1893, to include 15 more parcels of land.

13

Algonquin Park supports

300

species of birds and mammals,

7,000

species of insects and

700

species of terrestrial flies.